



Translating the complex immune system into disease insights with **CyTOF** technology

Don't miss the unexpected.



Reasons to choose CyTOF

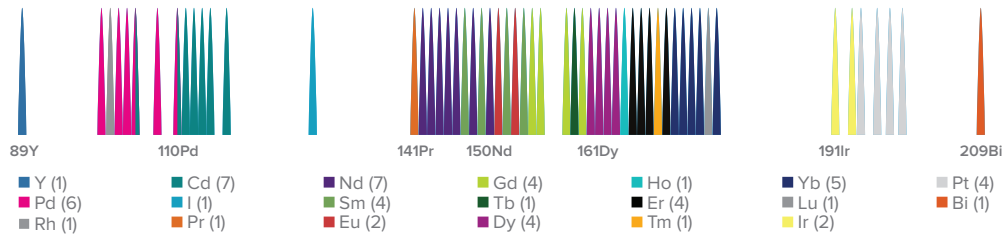
# THE CYTOF

## Reasons to take your high-dimensional

# 1

### Precision data with discrete signals

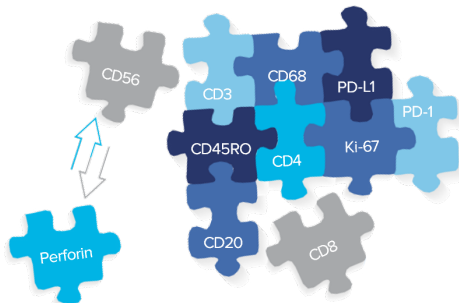
Not impacted by spectral overlapping of fluorochromes and tissue autofluorescence



# 2

### Easy panel design to complete experiments quicker

Large number of available antibodies without overlap simplifies panel design and expansion



Start with ready-to-go panels and easily swap markers in and out.

# 3

### Reproducible and comparable

Stained samples can be frozen, stored and shipped to support longitudinal studies and multi-site workflows.



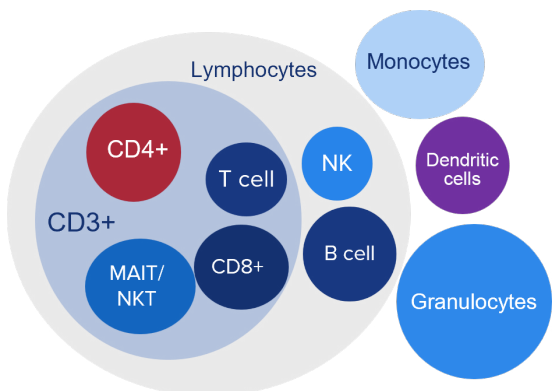
# ADVANTAGE

research beyond the limits of fluorescence

## 4

### Capture rare or unexpected cell populations

Unbiased, high-dimensional profiling of 40-plus markers to uncover diverse immune subpopulations



### Cytometry by time-of-flight (CyTOF® technology)

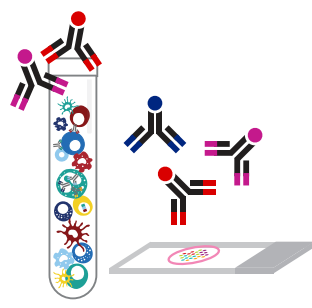
Applies purified heavy metal labels, not normally found in biological systems, instead of fluorophores



## 5

### Minimal sample required, saving on limited clinical research material

Simultaneous staining and detection from a single tube or tissue scan, without multiple staining controls or time-consuming cyclic protocols



### Risks of fluorescence for high-parameter studies



**Missed cell populations or false positives**



**More iterations required in panel design**



**Reduced sensitivity where fluorescence overlap occurs**



**Higher resource use to compensate for spectral overlap**

## 6

### Trusted by researchers

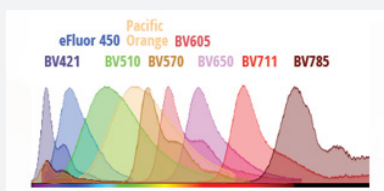
The leading technology for high-parameter immune research



**>2,000** publications



**>200** clinical trials



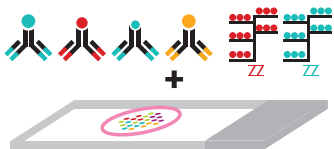


Whether you are analyzing suspension or tissue samples, time-of-flight (TOF) technology combined with Maxpar<sup>®</sup> reagents enables a streamlined end-to-end workflow to complete high-parameter experiments faster than fluorescence-based detection.

## Tissue imaging

Get started with our Maxpar IMC<sup>™</sup> Cell Segmentation Kits and ready-to-go high-plex panels.

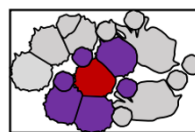
Simultaneous staining



One-step detection

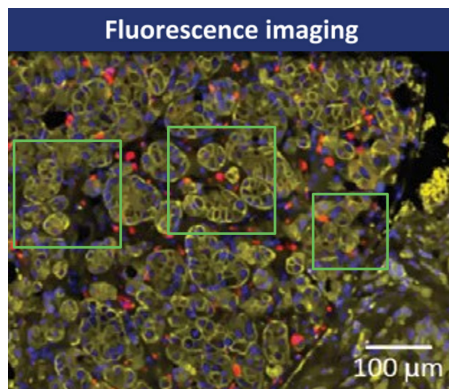
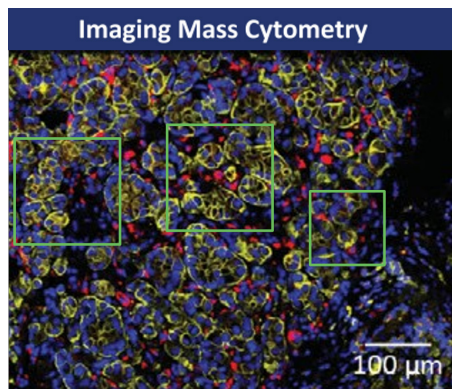


High-plex data in minutes



- Tissue architecture
- Protein modifications
- Signaling pathway activation
- Cell injury states
- Cell proliferation
- Transcriptional signatures

## Clear spatial imaging



The Imaging Mass Cytometry<sup>™</sup> image (far left) shows many well-defined red signals from CD68 that are indistinct or missing from the fluorescence image (left).

**Without compromise.**

# Results you can trust, reproduce and publish

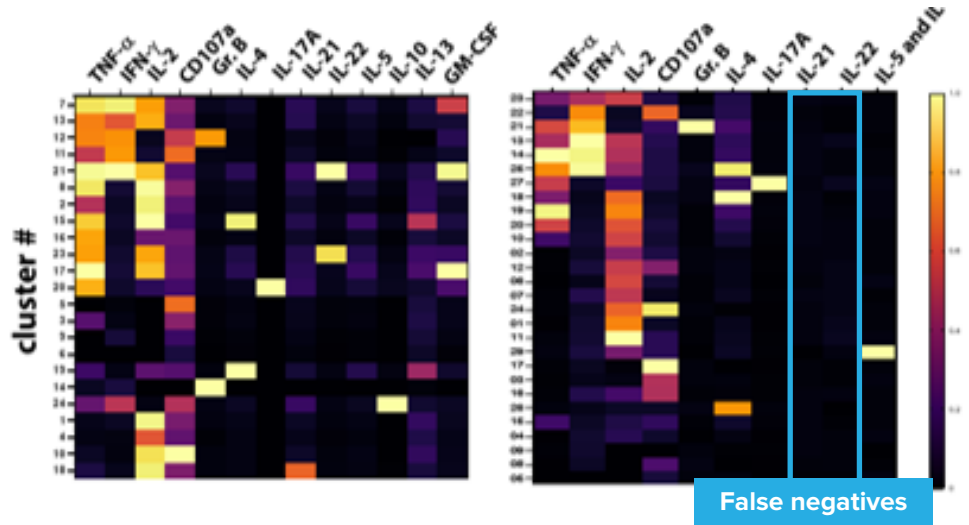
## See more with CyTOF

### Flow cytometry

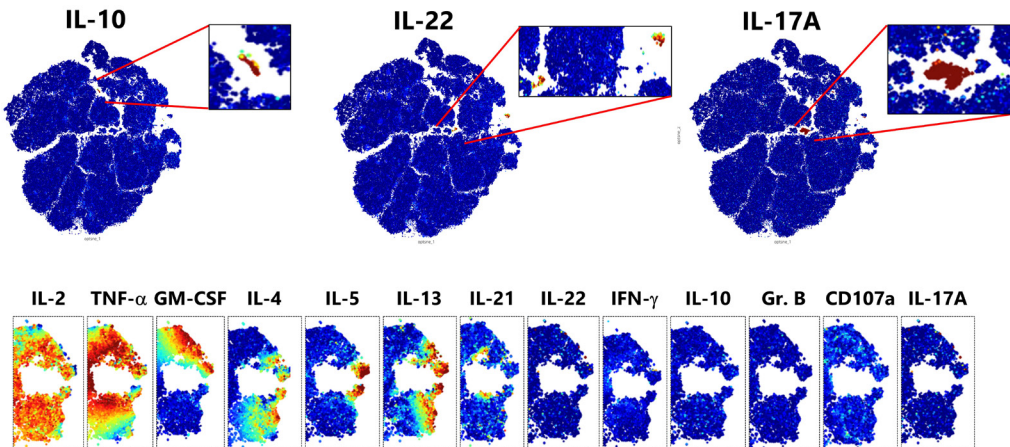
CyTOF detects more immune subpopulations in a single cell compared to full spectrum flow cytometry (FSFC).

#### Detect more cell populations with greater functional diversity.

The heat map on the left shows detection of IL-21 and IL-22, not present in the spectral data. Additionally, IL-5 and IL-10 were detected by CyTOF in independent channels.



#### Clear resolution and detection of low-frequency immune cells



Application of opt-SNE to this CyTOF dataset highlights distinct combinations of effector functions from type 1, type 2 and type 17 lineages.

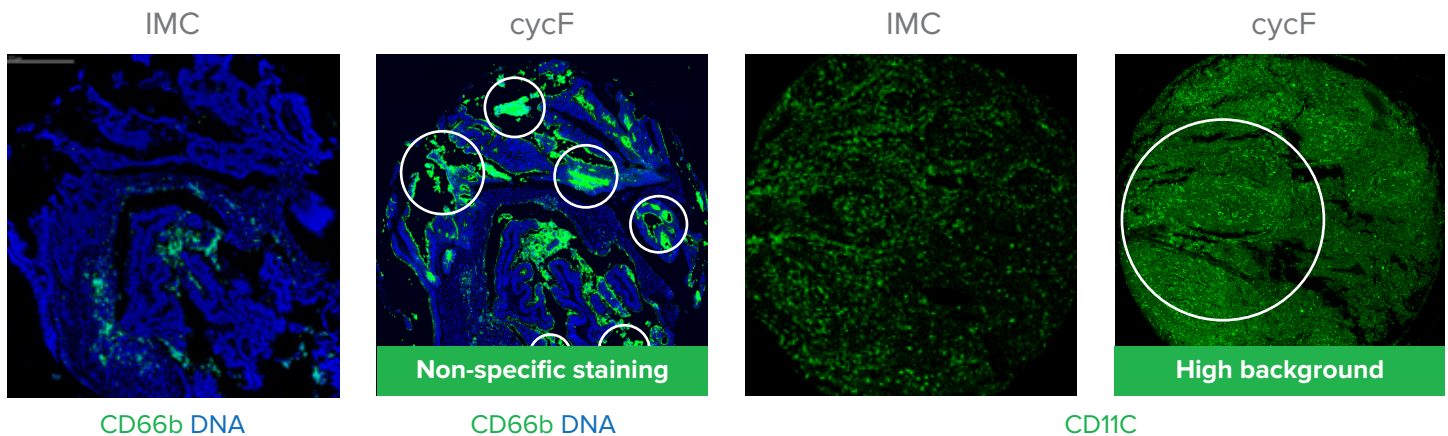
This data features findings from a comparison study using a 28-marker common panel including 12 cytokines. Data provided by Boston University.

# See your true biology

## See clearly with IMC

### Tissue Imaging

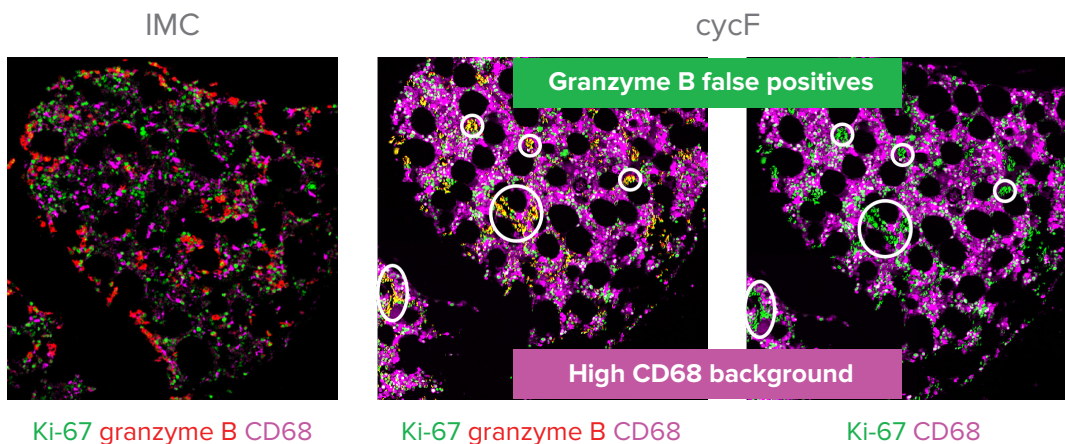
IMC allows highly specific staining without the challenges of autofluorescence or false positives inherent to cyclic fluorescence-based imaging (cycF).



The cycF image (right) shows non-specific false-positive CD66b signal in colon adenocarcinoma.

CD11c signal is obscured by autofluorescence with cycF (right) in lymph node tissue.

## Image highly-autofluorescent tissue types without challenge



In bone marrow, cycF data (right) shows granzyme B signal co-localized to the nucleus with Ki-67. The normal cytoplasmic or membranous localization of granzyme B can only be seen with IMC (left). CD68 signal is clear with IMC but obscured with cycF.

Data generated from a comparison study with multiplex cyclic fluorescence (cycF) using a 27-marker common panel. Cyclic fluorescence data provided by Georgetown University.

# The CyTOF Advantage.

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A trusted technology used in

**Over 200** clinical trials

**Over 2,000** peer-reviewed publications

For **any** phase  
of research

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